



INDIAN SCHOOL NIZWA - WORKSHEET

	SOCIAL SCIENCE	
	CHAPTER 10 (HISTORY)	
Name: _____	Date: _____	Class: VI Sec: ____

I Fill in the blanks:

(Dakshina Path, silk route, Bodhisattvas, bhakti, pilgrim, spices, precious stones, Kanishka, Theravada, peepal, land, Dakshina Patha, Nalanda, Peshwar, Mathura, temples, northern India, east coast, Kaveri, Kushanas, Madurai, Muvendar)

1. Xuan Zang, a Chinese Buddhist pilgrim took the _____ route to return China.
2. The capital of the Pandyas was _____.
3. The images of deities were placed within special homes or places known as _____.
4. The route leading to South means _____.
5. Man and woman who undertake journeys to some sacred places to offer prayers is known as _____.
6. The Satavahanas became an important dynasty in _____.
7. The two major centres of power of the Kushanas were _____ and _____.
8. _____ is a tamil word meaning three chiefs, used for the heads of three ruling families.
9. _____ means a person's devotion to his /her chosen deity.
10. The most fertile river valley was _____.
11. The famous Kushana ruler, _____ organised a Buddhist council.
12. Buddha's attainment of enlightenment was shown by sculptures of the _____ tree.
13. _____ was the most famous Buddhist monastery.
14. The path through which the traders carried silk is known as _____.
15. Gold, _____ and _____ were in abundance in south India.
16. Puhar was an important port on the _____.
17. The rulers who ruled over central Asia and north-west India around 2000 years ago were _____.
18. Gautamiputra Shri Satakarni and other Satavahana rulers were known as lords of _____.
19. The older form of Buddhism was known as _____ Buddhism.

II	Very short answers:
1.	Where can evidence of trade be found?
2.	What was south India famous for?



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3.	How can you say that Rome had a flourishing trade with south India?
4.	Name the three ruling families of south India.
5.	How did the chiefs use the tribute that they collected from the neighbouring areas?
6.	Name the items that the chiefs gave to the poets as a reward.
7.	What qualities of silk make it a highly valued fabric?
8.	How is making silk a complicated process?
9.	Who were the earliest rulers of the subcontinent to issue gold coins?
10.	Who was Kanishka? Mention one of his achievements.
11.	Who were Bodhisattvas?
12.	Name the countries where the worship of Bodhisattvas became popular?
13.	Name some Chinese Buddhist pilgrims.
14.	Mention the important feature of later Hinduism.
15.	What was the importance of system of Bhakti?